Greater New Haven Water Pollution Control Authority Bio-solids Renewable Energy Project

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PLANT TOUR NOVEMBER 4, 2009

The Proposal (June 2006)





Memorandum of Understanding January 2007



Agreement to perform preliminary project design

Preliminary Drawings Building Structural Equipment Information Process and Operations Narrative Pricing Information "Go" / "No Go" Decision \$ 97,500

The Contract (July 2007)



Dresser Rand in conjunction with American Heat and Power will design, procure, construct, startup, commission, test and maintain a Plant that will recover heat from the existing multiple hearth incinerator exhaust gas system and use the heat recovered to produce steam that will power a steam turbine driving an electric generator making electricity.

<u>The Economics</u>





Environmental Benefits



While the addition of the waste heat boiler and steam turbine plant will not lower the emissions from the incinerator process, the elimination of over 4 million kWh generated at the local power plant will reduce local pollutant emissions.

Particulate	40
SO2	3.7
NOX	1.3
СО	<1.0
CO2	1,441

Power Plant Pollutants Tons Per Year



<u>Acceptance, Testing, Training and</u> <u>Long Term Maintenance</u>



Testing and Acceptance Period

Three 24-hour periods at 30, 40 and 50 Tons per day feed rate of pre-tested sludge.



Training

- Seven Days, 10 operators.
- All operators must be licensed.

Long Term Maintenance

- Dresser has a 5 Year
 Long Term Maintenance Contract.
- Warranty on all equipment and system components.
- Synagro has daily inspection and check list duties.









Annual Run-time

8177 hrs per year (93.3% uptime)

Average exhaust temperature

1200° F

Sludge average solids content

26%

Average sludge caloric content

7800 Btu/lb



Annual Sludge Operating Rates



Rate	Frequency of	Annual
Dry Tons/Day	Occurrence	Dry Tons
12.26	2 07 %	165.9
18 70	3.97 %	252.9
23.28	6.62 %	525.1
27.51	9.93 %	930.7
33.16	11.26 %	1,272.1
37.99	15.23 %	1,971.3
42.27	19.87 %	2,861.6
47.02	18.54 %	2,970.1
51.76	10.60 %	1,869.3
Average Tons pe	r Dav	37.62

Average Tons per Hour

62 1.57

<u>Thermal Analysis of Incinerator</u> <u>Exhaust Gases</u>



Sludge Characteristics

Sludge Feed Rate Solid Content Volatile Organics Ash HHV of Fuel (Dry Basis) LHV of Fuel (Dry Basis) Total Natural Gas Usage Total Natural Gas per Dry Ton 42 Dry Tons per Day
26 %
78 %
22 %
7,750 Btu / lb
7,260 Btu / lb
2,850,000 Btu / hour
1.628 MMBtu / Dry Ton

<u>Thermal Analysis of Incinerator</u> <u>Exhaust Gases</u>



Exhaust Gas

Excess Oxygen Sludge Combustion Air Inlet Air Temperature Final Hearth Exit Temperature 9,038 SCFM 28,846 ACFM 29 % 4,561 SCFM 60° F 1195° F



<u>Reconfigured Multiple Hearth</u> Incinerator with Steam Turbine





<u>Thermal Analysis of Incinerator</u> <u>Exhaust Gases</u>



Typical Steam and Power Production

Steam Temperature Steam Pressure Steam Production Rate Gross Power Output Steam Output New Power Gen kW 600° F 400 PSIA 8,850 lbs / hour 628 kW 7,687 lbs / hour 512 kW

<u>Renewable Energy Plant</u> <u>Floor Layout</u>





Biosolids Energy Plant





GNHWPCA Generator Output Vs Feedrate 7800 BTU/lb, 26% Solids Content Sludge Feed







GNHWPCA Generator Output Vs Feedrate Design Conditions: 7800 BTU/Ib, 26% Solids Content Sludge Feed, 1200 F Exhaust With AS-IS Test Results from October 2009



Control Panel Screen



GNHWPCA







E.A. MELCHIORI, P.E. Consulting Engineer



A WASTE ENERGY RECOVERY COMPANY





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Thank you

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Any Questions?